A Study in Psalms, Week 2 Handout The 23rd Psalm

"I am the Good Shepherd, and I know My own and My own know Me, even as the Father knows Me and I know the Father; and I lay down My life for the sheep."

Jesus, speaking in John 10:14-15

Introduction

- 1. Life is hectic. People are not at peace with themselves, not satisfied
- 2. God has a better approach. < Read Psalm 23>
- 3. Let's **examine** this psalm, study its **imagery**, and look for **application** to our lives.

<u>Background</u>

- 1. Written by **David** (see the superscription)
 - a. A shepherd in his **youth** (early preparation for leading Israel)
 - b. However, David probably wrote this psalm late in his life
 - c. This psalm paints two images of God: As a Shepherd and as a hospitable Host

The Sheep and the Shepherd

- 1. Knowing David was a shepherd, we may try to interpret this from the shepherd's viewpoint a. But David is speaking as a **sheep**, not a shepherd
- 2. <**Read Psalm 23:1**>
- 3. Shepherd imagery very **common** in the Near East—Israelites were **known** as shepherds
- 4. Jesus referred to Himself as "the Good Shepherd" (John 10:14)
- 5. In using the word "shepherd," David creates a most **comprehensive** and **intimate metaphor** of God's **love** and **care** for His flock—not as "King" or "Deliverer" or "Rock" or "Shield," but as **guide**, **physician**, **protector** and **provider**.
- 6. Good shepherds, by definition, supply everything the sheep need
- 7. Contrast this with **Satan's** portrayal of us as **lacking** and **deprived** by God
- 8. David says that with God as his shepherd, he has everything he **needs**.
- 9. Read Psalm 23:2-4
 - a. In vv 2-3a, the emphasis is on **rest**. The shepherd provides **rest** for his **sheep**.
 - b. God feeds us with his **Word** which gives us **spiritual** nourishment, rest and restoration.
 - c. Emphasis in verse 3b is on God's guidance
 - d. Verse 4 talks about how safe we are with God as our Shepherd

The Hospitable Host

- 1. **<Read Psalm 23:5-6>**
- 2. Imagery shifts to that of David as a guest and God as a protective host
- 3. Near Eastern hospitality (then and now) involves a **deep obligation** to **security** and **comfort**
- 4. The **overflowing cup** = the host **abundantly** sharing his **provisions** (nothing held back)
- 5. As a **result** of the provisions of verse 5, David declares in verse 6a that "Surely goodness and lovingkindness will follow me all the days of my life."
- 6. And we're promised this "guest protection" in God's house **forever and ever!** (vs. 6b)

Next week, Psalm 73...